

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE TOOLKIT

OCTOBER 2023

Words of Wisdom

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE TOOLKIT

"It doesn't matter how rich or poor a person is, what gender or social class, or how much fame or education she possesses. Verbal. mental, and physical abuse can happen to anyone. It doesn't matter what a woman's ethnicity is because the only distinguishing color of abuse is black-andblue." — La Toya Jackson

"Don't judge yourself by what others did to you." — Cody Kennedy

"Abuse is the weakest expression of strength. It is weakness to destroy what you ought to protect, build, and make better." — Kingsley Opuwari Manue

@uuwomensfed www.uuwf.org

UUWF has been hosting a series about
Addressing Gender-Based Violence.
there is one more session left, and
we'll be posting each session recording
for those who can't make
it.
Register here
Watch the recordings here

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GENDER-BASED VIOLENCE & UNITARIAN UNIVERSALISM



Our belief in the inherent worth and dignity of every person means that we cannot stand silent in the face of physical, emotional, and psychological harm, especially in intimate relationships.

In order for us to live into justice, equity, and compassion in human relations, we must fight for a world in which no one is endangered by the people they most rely on for love and care.

Domestic violence is a fundamental violation of bodily autonomy that denies people the basic freedom of living in peace and safety. When our sisters suffer violence, the interdependent web of all existence suffers with them.

Misogyny lies at the heart of violence against women, and our faith calls us to eradicate violence in all its forms, in our communities, congregations, neighborhoods, families, and homes.

Unitarian Universalism is, at its core, about love. Love and violence cannot co-exist. It is our sacred duty to do what we can to address gender-based violence as an expression of our faith.

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE FACTS

DID YOU KNOW....

- An average of 24 people per minute are victims of rape, physical violence, or stalking by an intimate partner in the United States—over 12 million people a year. This does not include psychological abuse or coercive control; almost half of all women and men in the United States have experienced psychological aggression by an intimate partner.
- Immigrant and non-immigrant communities experience domestic violence at similar rates, but individuals without citizenship status or other documentation face greater risk due to cultural contexts, language differences, lack of information about resources, lack of culturally competent resources, or fear of deportation.
- About 1 in 3 women report having suffered severe intimate partner violence in their lifetime.
- In the 2015 U.S. Transgender Survey, 54% of transgender people experienced some form of intimate partner violence in their lifetime, including physical violence and coercive control.
- Women with disabilities often face greater barriers to leaving an abuser, including reliance on their abuser for daily care, financial dependence on the abuser, communication challenges, and inaccessible services near their home.
- Up to 57% of mothers experiencing homelessness report that domestic violence was the immediate cause of their homelessness.
- Sources: <u>DomesticShelters.org</u>, <u>National Domestic Violence</u>
 <u>Hotline</u>, <u>National Center for Transgender Equality</u>, <u>National</u>
 <u>Center for Injury Prevention and Control/Centers for Disease</u>
 Prevention, Wilder Research Center

WHAT IS COERCIVE CONTROL?



Coercive control is a pattern of behaviors used to dominate a person, strip them of their sense of self, distort their reality, and limit their freedom. Coercive control is nearly always present in cases of domestic violence and, even when it is not accompanied by physical abuse, coercive control causes tremendous harm. This often subtle and insidious form of abuse leaves no visible marks and can be hard to recognize and describe, but its impact is devastating.

Coercive control can include things like:

- Sleep deprivation (keeping you up all night arguing, for instance)
- Monitoring where you are and/or timing how long you are away
- Interrogating you about who you talk to or spend time with
- Badmouthing your close friends and family members and restricting your time with them (through guilt or by driving a wedge between you)
- Accusing you of flirting or cheating on you
- Gaslighting you—telling you that what you know happened did not happen
- Calling you crazy, hysterical, or manipulative
- Turning innocuous events or commonplace behaviors into proof of wrongdoing on your part
- Demonstrating physically threatening behavior in your presence, such as driving dangerously, punching walls and cupboards, or displaying weapons
- Mistreating or threatening to mistreat or kill pets
- Violating your privacy, such as reading your mail or going through your phone
- Controlling your finances, monitoring what you spend
- Contacting your friends, family, or co-workers and interrogating them about your behavior or whereabouts
- Demanding that you do not speak to or interact with other men
- Giving you a curfew, either explicitly or through guilt and accusations of betrayal when you are out longer than they would like
- Following you, filming you, or photographing you without your knowledge or consent

SAFETY PLANNING



StrongHearts Native
Helpline offers free,
confidential support for
Native American and
Alaska Native survivors,
family members, and
friends. 1-844-7NATIVE
(1-844-762-8483)



Esperanza United
mobilizes Latinas and
Latin@ communities to
end gender-based
violence. Esperanza
United is a national
leader in supporting
Latin@ survivors,
families, and
communities.



<u>Ujima</u> is a national, culturally-specific resource center to provide support to and be a voice for the Black Community in response to domestic, sexual and community violence.

HOW TO HELP WHEN YOU FEEL HELPLESS

If someone you know is in an abusive relationship, they may not be ready to leave the relationship at the moment, but being prepared and thinking through worst case scenarios can help them get themselves, their kids, and their pets away quickly.

Safety planning is a getaway plan. Women are often in the most danger when they are leaving a relationship, so it's important to plan for the worst even if they don't think the worst is likely. If someone you know is in a dangerous relationship, helping them think these things through and put measures in place is a concrete way to help.



The most basic safety measure is to have a getaway bag packed and hidden somewhere safe. It should include changes of clothes, cash, checks, prepaid credit card, ID and/or passport, medications and prescription information, a burner phone, child's school records, and health and car insurance documentation.

Another basic measure a person should take is to think about and arrange for where they'll go if they have to leave in a hurry. This can be a domestic violence shelter, a friend's or family member's home, or a hotel. Ideally, this should be a place the abuser has limited access to.





Consider a code word to share with kids (if age appropriate) to signal that they should run to the neighbor's house and have them call 911. A code word can also be used with friends and family members to let them know you are in danger and need help.

SAFETY PLANNING, continued



The Asian Pacific
Institute on GenderBased Violence provides
culturally-specific
resources for AAPI
survivors and
communities.



Futures Without
Violence strives to reach
new audiences and
transform social norms,
training professionals
such as doctors, nurses,
judges, and athletic
coaches on improving
responses to violence
and abuse.

love is respect

Love Is Respect is the national resource to disrupt and prevent unhealthy relationships and intimate partner violence among young people.

Technological safety is an important consideration for women in abusive relationships. They should:



 Clear their browser history or, better yet, use computers at a library, workplace, or other safe place. If possible, consider purchasing a tablet or less expensive laptop to put in your getaway bag.



 Open an email account that their abuser does not know about on a safe computer.
 Use this email address for any sensitive communications, and share it with trusted friends or family members who can help.
 Keep known email accounts current and maintain appearances to avoid suspicion.



 Consider purchasing a prepaid "burner" phone and hide it well.

Pet safety can help a victim of domestic violence leave their abuser more easily. Some domestic violence shelters are pet-friendly, and some animal shelters have programs for taking care of pets until a family can get established in a new, safe living situation. The Safe Havens Mapping Project is a searchable database of sheltering services for the pets of domestic violence victims.



For a detailed, comprehensive interactive tool for safety planning, visit

https://www.thehotline.org/plan-for-safety/create-your-personal-safety-plan/

ADVOCACY ACTION



The Northwest Network
for Trans and Queer
Survivors supports
queer & trans survivors
through advocacybased counseling and
community education.

WORKPLACES RESPOND
TO DOMESTIC & SEXUAL VIOLENCE
A NATIONAL RESOURCE CENTER

Workplaces Respond
provides resources,
training, and technical
assistance to prevent
and respond to
domestic violence,
sexual harrassment and
violence, and stalking
impacting the
workplace.



Abused Deaf Women's

Advocacy Services
empowers Deaf and
DeafBlind survivors of
domestic violence,
sexual assault, and
harrassment.

GET INVOLVED

"If we are to fight discrimination and injustice against women we must start from the home, for if a woman cannot be safe in her own house then she cannot be expected to feel safe anywhere." — Aysha Taryam



The National Domestic Violence
Hotline Action Center provides
advocates with the information and
tools to effectively advocate for
policies that protect women from
domestic violence.

The National Coalition Against

Domestic Violence leads, mobilizes,
and raises voices to support efforts that
demand a change of conditions that
lead to domestic violence such as
patriarchy, racism, sexism, and
classism.





The National Network to End Domestic Violence is dedicated to creating a social, political, and economic environment in which violence against women no longer exists.

@uuwomensfed www.uuwf.org